

Supplementary material

Fire alters soil labile stoichiometry and litter nutrients in Australian eucalypt forests

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Table S1. Pairwise comparisons of selected litter properties (means \pm SE) between NRF and RFB areas at Toohey Forest and White Rock Spring Mountain Conservation Estate (WRSMCE) sites.

		Total C (%)	Litter HWE C _o (mg g ⁻¹)	Litter HWE N (mg g ⁻¹)	Litter HWE P (mg g ⁻¹)	Litter HWE C _o :N	Litter HWE C _o :P	Litter HWE N:P
Toohey Forest A	NRF area	49.2 (± 2.1)	28.4 (± 2.8)	0.77 (± 0.07)	0.032 (± 0.014)	37.9 (± 4.2)	4049 (± 2058)	101 (± 51.5)
	RFB area	52.6 (± 1.4)	27.6 (± 1.7)	0.79 (± 0.08)	0.068 (± 0.025)	36.1 (± 4.0)	2622 (± 2079)	65.2 (± 50.6)
	P-value	0.089	0.834	0.843	0.332	0.784	0.710	0.707
Toohey Forest B	NRF area	52.8 (± 0.7)	27.5 (± 0.7)	0.35 (± 0.02)	0.005 (± 0.001)	79.0 (± 5.3)	7646 (± 1868)	103 (± 29.0)
	RFB area	48.8 (± 1.9)	23.7 (± 2.4)	0.43 (± 0.02)	0.015 (± 0.007)	55.3 (± 5.8)	3036 (± 955)	50.5 (± 12.2)
	P-value	0.110	0.137	0.004*	0.250	0.031*	0.043*	0.110
WRSMCE A	NRF area	49.8 (± 1.6)	32.3 (± 1.1)	0.51 (± 0.03)	0.14 (± 0.01)	63.4 (± 3.2)	228 (± 23)	3.6 (± 0.2)
	RFB area	52.6 (± 0.3)	31.5 (± 2.1)	0.58 (± 0.05)	0.13 (± 0.01)	56.2 (± 16.6)	240 (± 52)	4.4 (± 0.2)
	P-value	0.168	0.739	0.291	0.485	0.391	0.682	0.017*
WRSMCE B	NRF area	50.4 (± 0.5)	27.0 (± 0.6)	0.61 (± 0.03)	0.18 (± 0.01)	44.9 (± 3.2)	150 (± 9.4)	3.3 (± 0.07)
	RFB area	50.9 (± 0.2)	30.5 (± 0.9)	0.62 (± 0.04)	0.20 (± 0.02)	50.2 (± 4.2)	161 (± 20)	3.2 (± 0.22)
	P-value	0.436	0.081	0.883	0.548	0.436	0.669	0.614

P-values from students' paired *t*-tests provided, with statistical significance ($P < 0.05$) denoted *, n = 5; NRF = no recent fire; RFB = recent, frequent fire; HWE N, P and C_o = hot water extractable (i.e. 'labile') forms of total N, total P and organic C.