

## Supplementary material

### Contrasting population structures of three *Pristis* sawfishes with different patterns of habitat use

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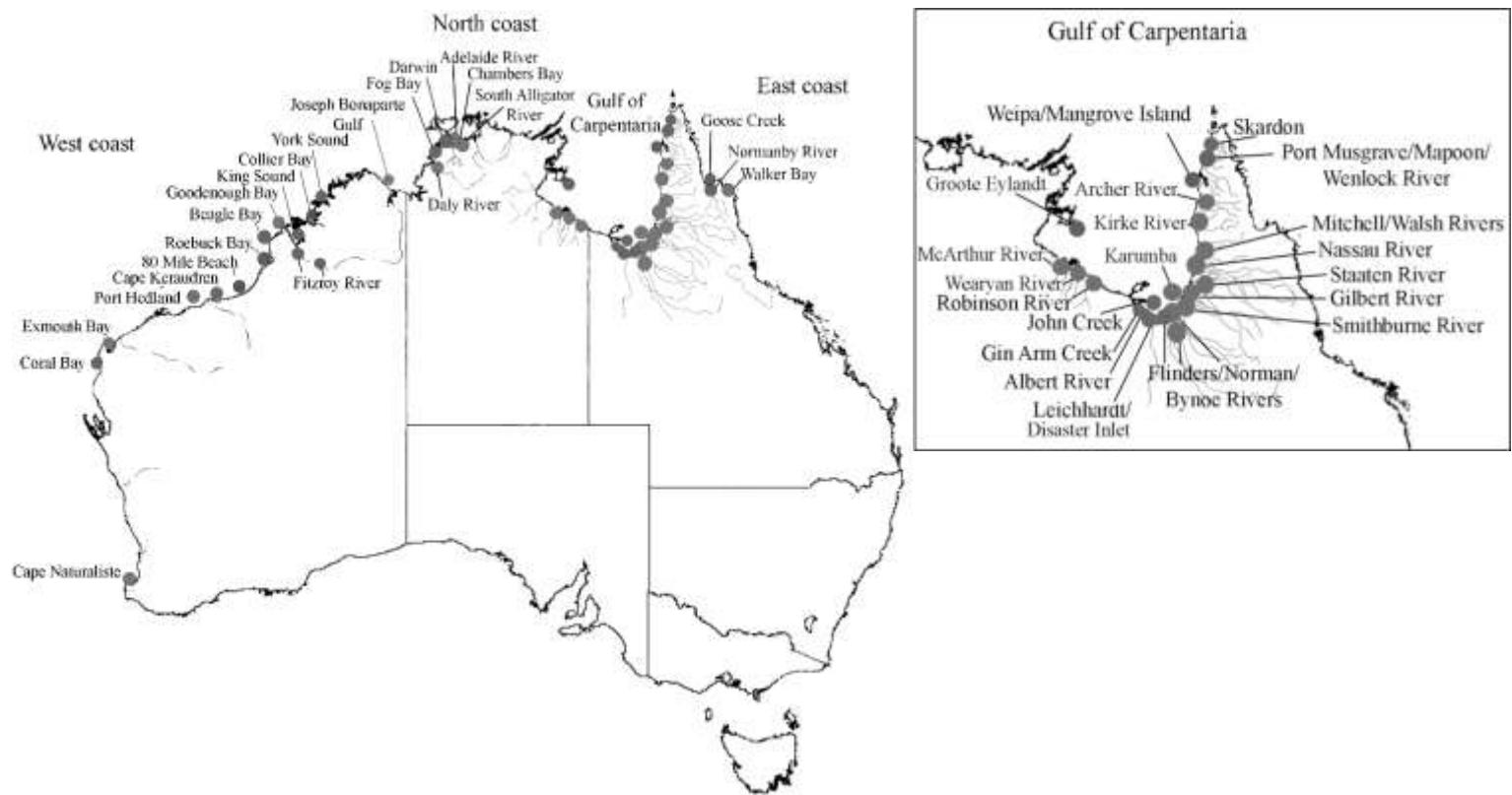
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**Fig. S1.** Approximate sampling locations for *Pristis clavata*, *P. zijsron* and *P. pristis* across Australia. From Phillips *et al.* (2011).

**Table S1. Number of individuals of each of *Pristis clavata*, *P. zijsron*, and *P. pristis* collected from each locality**

The sites were located in the following four geographic regions: the western coast (WC), northern coast (west of the Gulf of Carpentaria, NC), the Gulf of Carpentaria (GoC) and eastern coast (EC)

Sampling location		<i>P. zijsron</i>	<i>P. clavata</i>	<i>P. pristis</i>
WC	Cape Naturaliste	—	—	1
	Coral Bay	2	—	—
	Exmouth Bay	1	—	—
	Port Hedland area	1	—	—
	Cape Keraudren	13	2	—
	80 Mile Beach	6	6	—
	Roebuck Bay	1	—	—
	Goodenough Bay	—	2	—
	King Sound	—	11	2
	Fitzroy River	—	6	33
NC	Collier Bay	—	5	—
	York Sound	—	2	—
	Fog Bay	—	—	—
	Daly River	—	—	3
	Darwin area	—	8	—
GoC	Adelaide River	—	—	3
	Chambers Bay	—	—	1
	South Alligator River	—	2	1
	Groote Eylandt	3	—	—
	McArthur River	—	—	4
	Wearyan River	—	—	—
	Robinson River	—	—	—
	Western gulf	—	—	—
	Gin Arm Creek	—	—	1
	John Creek foreshore	—	2	—
EC	Albert River	1	1	—
	Leichhardt River	—	1	8
	Disaster Inlet	—	—	1
	Flinders/Bynoe/Norman Rivers	—	1	10
	Karumba area	3	—	—
	Smithburne River	—	1	3
	Gilbert River	—	—	9
	Staaten River	—	2	—
	Nassau River	—	—	5
	Mitchell River–Walsh River	—	2	14
	Kirke River	—	—	3
	Archer River	—	—	7
	Weipa	4	5	1
	Mangrove Island	—	2	—
	Port Musgrave	1	2	1
	Mapoon	2	—	—
	Wenlock River	1	—	—
	Skardon	1	—	—
	Gulf of Carpentaria	2	6	1
	Goose Creek	3	—	—
	Normanby River	—	—	—
	Walker Bay	—	—	—
	East coast	3	—	—

**Table S2. Summary statistics for eight microsatellite loci in *Pristis clavata* from the western coast (WC), northern coast (NC) and the Gulf of Carpentaria (GoC) in Australia**

$N$ , number of individuals;  $A$ , number of alleles;  $k$ , total number of alleles;  $H_E$ , expected heterozygosity;  $H_O$ , observed heterozygosity;  $P$ , outcome of tests for Hardy–Weinberg equilibrium; no values were statistically significant after a Bonferroni correction:  $P < 0.002$

Region	Parameter	<i>Ppe4</i>	<i>Ppe5</i>	<i>Ppe69</i>	<i>Ppe122</i>	<i>Ppe152</i>	<i>Ppe165</i>	<i>Ppe179</i>	<i>Ppe186</i>
WC	$N$	34	34	34	34	29	26	31	31
	$A$	14	19	10	9	16	16	13	11
	$H_E$	0.915	0.925	0.795	0.793	0.928	0.933	0.879	0.880
	$H_O$	1.000	0.912	0.853	0.824	0.897	1.000	0.871	0.871
	$P$	0.983	0.873	0.658	0.423	0.112	0.439	0.504	0.969
NC	$N$	10	9	10	10	2	2	9	4
	$A$	10	10	5	7	3	4	7	6
	$H_E$	0.911	0.922	0.442	0.884	0.833	1.000	0.817	0.929
	$H_O$	0.600	1.000	0.400	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.556	0.750
GoC	$N$	22	23	23	25	18	18	21	23
	$A$	11	16	5	8	12	10	10	14
	$H_E$	0.910	0.935	0.566	0.834	0.910	0.887	0.856	0.879
	$H_O$	1.000	0.957	0.696	0.720	0.889	0.667	0.783	0.739
	$P$	0.417	0.005	0.699	0.106	0.144	0.003	0.057	0.019
Overall	$k$	16	23	12	9	17	16	15	16
	$H_E$	0.912	0.927	0.601	0.837	0.890	0.940	0.855	0.896
	$H_O$	0.867	0.956	0.650	0.848	0.929	0.889	0.851	0.787

**Table S3. Summary statistics for eight microsatellite loci in *Pristis zijsron* from the western coast (WC), the Gulf of Carpentaria (GoC) and the eastern coast (EC) of Australia**

$N$ , number of individuals;  $A$ , number of alleles;  $k$ , total number of alleles;  $H_E$ , expected heterozygosity;  $H_O$ , observed heterozygosity;  $P$ , outcome of tests for Hardy–Weinberg equilibrium; no values were statistically significant after a Bonferroni correction:  $P < 0.002$

Region	Parameter	Ppe4	Ppe88	Ppe152	Ppe165	Ppe172	Ppe179	Ppe180	Ppe186
WC	$N$	23	23	23	24	23	24	24	23
	$A$	13	22	4	17	10	12	12	7
	$H_E$	0.870	0.962	0.274	0.930	0.879	0.902	0.865	0.752
	$H_O$	0.783	1.000	0.304	1.000	0.826	0.958	0.917	0.870
	$P$	0.371	0.812	1.000	0.344	0.581	0.599	0.151	0.216
GoC	$N$	14	15	18	15	15	15	16	16
	$A$	8	17	4	13	12	10	12	9
	$H_E$	0.831	0.949	0.303	0.924	0.885	0.892	0.879	0.853
	$H_O$	0.929	0.933	0.333	0.867	0.867	1.000	0.813	0.875
	$P$	0.903	0.341	1.000	0.126	0.535	0.510	0.225	0.629
EC	$N$	6	6	5	6	6	6	5	5
	$A$	6	7	2	7	6	5	4	2
	$H_E$	0.848	0.879	0.467	0.894	0.818	0.848	0.778	0.556
	$H_O$	1.000	1.000	0.600	0.833	0.833	0.833	0.800	1.000
Overall	$k$	14	29	6	19	16	13	18	10
	$H_E$	0.850	0.930	0.348	0.916	0.861	0.881	0.841	0.720
	$H_O$	0.904	0.978	0.412	0.900	0.842	0.930	0.843	0.915

**Table S4. Summary statistics for seven microsatellite loci in *Pristis pristis* from the western coast (WC), northern coast (NC) and the Gulf of Carpentaria (GoC) in Australia**

$N$ , number of individuals;  $A$ , number of alleles;  $k$ , total number of alleles;  $H_E$ , expected heterozygosity;  $H_O$ , observed heterozygosity;  $P$ , outcome of tests for Hardy–Weinberg equilibrium; statistically significant values after a Bonferroni correction: \*,  $P < 0.002$

Region	Parameter	<i>Ppe4</i>	<i>Ppe5</i>	<i>Ppe122</i>	<i>Ppe167</i>	<i>Ppe172</i>	<i>Ppe180</i>	<i>Ppe186</i>
WC	$N$	35	33	36	27	29	29	32
	$A$	12	23	7	20	18	13	17
	$H_E$	0.890	0.952	0.677	0.935	0.940	0.767	0.938
	$H_O$	0.914	0.879	0.556	0.926	0.897	0.655	0.906
NC	$P$	0.219	0.152	0.156	0.021	0.055	0.116	0.308
	$N$	8	8	7	5	6	3	7
	$A$	8	11	5	6	7	4	9
	$H_E$	0.758	0.950	0.824	0.889	0.879	0.867	0.934
GoC	$H_O$	0.750	1.000	0.857	0.800	0.833	0.667	0.857
	$P$	0.702	0.440	0.412	0.619	0.760	0.467	0.509
	$N$	67	65	68	61	66	63	63
	$A$	13	31	7	23	21	18	19
Overall	$H_E$	0.864	0.957	0.706	0.945	0.926	0.842	0.918
	$H_O$	0.836	0.969	0.765	0.951	0.908	0.794	0.905
	$P$	0.581	0.298	0.272	0.001*	0.062	0.032	0.108
	$k$	14	33	7	27	21	20	24
	$H_E$	0.837	0.953	0.736	0.923	0.915	0.825	0.930
	$H_O$	0.833	0.949	0.726	0.892	0.879	0.705	0.889

## References

- Phillips, N. M., Chaplin, J. A., Morgan, D. L., and Peverell, S. C. (2011). Population genetic structure and genetic diversity of three critically endangered *Pristis* sawfishes in Australian Waters. *Marine Biology* **158**, 903–915. doi:10.1007/s00227-010-1617-z